Allegro PSpice Simulator

A unified environment for PCB design, simulation, and analysis

On larger designs especially, PCB design teams need fast and reliable simulation to achieve convergence. The Cadence® Allegro® PSpice® Simulator provides simulation technology for PCB design that offers a single, unified design environment for both simulation and PCB design. With integrated analog and event-driven digital simulation, teams benefit from improved speed without sacrificing accuracy. Using advanced analysis capabilities, designers can automatically maximize the performance of circuits.

Cadence Simulation Technology for PCB Design

The Allegro PSpice Simulator provides a full-featured analog simulator with support for digital elements to help solve virtually any design challenge from high-frequency systems to low-power IC designs. The powerful simulation engine integrates easily with Cadence PCB schematic entry solutions, improving time to market and keeping operating costs in check. An interactive, easy-to-use graphical user interface provides complete control over the design process. Availability of resources such as models from many vendors, built-in mathematical functions, and behavioral modeling techniques make for an efficient design process. Advanced analysis features (Sensitivity, Monte Carlo, Smoke, parametric plotter, and an optimizer with multiple engines) are built on top of the simulator to improve design performance, cost-effetiveness, and reliability. The Allegro PSpice Simulator now offers the new Device Model Interface feature for automating the code generation for multilevel abstraction models written in C/C++,

and SystemC®, Verilog A-ADMS, and a set of behavioral analog devices and controlled sources.

The products are tightly integrated with Cadence Allegro® Design Entry HDL and Cadence OrCAD® Capture / CIS. The simulation technology can also interface with MathWorks' MATLAB Simulink package in a powerful co-simulation environment (SLPS).

(See Figure 1.)

Benefits

- Improves simulation times, reliability, and convergence on larger designs
- Improves speed without loss of accuracy via integrated analog and event-driven digital simulations
- Explores circuit behavior using basic DC, AC, noise, and transient analyses
- Allows system-level interfaces to be tested with actual electrical designs using SLPS
- Offers library selection of more than 33,000 analog and mixed-signal models

- Allows for automatic identification of analog and digital signals and applies A-to-D and D-to-A interfaces
- Explores design relationships with "what if" scenarios before committing to hardware
- Maximizes circuit performance automatically using Optimizer
- Identifies and simulates functional blocks of complex circuitry using mathematical expressions, functions, and behavioral devices
- Determines which components are overstressed using Smoke analysis and by observing component yields using Monte Carlo analysis
- Virtual prototyping leverages
 GUI-based code generation of
 mixed-signal system models
 written in C/C++ and SystemC,
 and compact models from Verilog
 A using Automatic Device Model
 Synthesizer can be easily used in the
 PSpice environment

Features

Cadence simulation technology for PCB design integrates seamlessly with the Cadence front-to-back PCB design flow, making it possible to have a single, unified design environment for both simulation and PCB design.

Design entry and editing

Select from a library of more than 33,000 symbols and models for simulation to design with Cadence PCB schematic design entry technology. It provides many features that allow you to easily capture and simulate mixed-signal designs. Seamless integrations include one-button simulation and cross-probing, and many other simulation utilities. Additionally, Allegro PSpice Simulator includes a syntax-aware Spice circuit file text editor.

Stimulus creation

Access built-in functions that can be described parametrically or draw piecewise linear (PWL) signals freehand with the mouse to create any shape stimulus. Create digital stimuli for signals, clocks, and buses; click-and-drag to introduce and move transitions.

Circuit simulation

Users can easily set up and run simulations, and then cross-probe simulation results from Probe, an industry-standard waveform viewer. Support for multiple simulation profiles enables users to recall and run different simulations on the same schematic. Simulation bias results can be viewed directly on the schematic including node voltages, device power calculations, and pin and subcircuit current. Support for Checkpoint Restart allows designers to reduce simulation times when the same circuit is simulated multiple times with minor changes. Assertions enable designers to detect failure or warning conditions as the simulation progresses.

Mixed analog/digital simulation

Integrated analog and event-driven digital simulations improve speed without loss of accuracy. A single graphical waveform analyzer displays mixed analog and digital simulation results on the same time axis. Digital functions support five logic levels

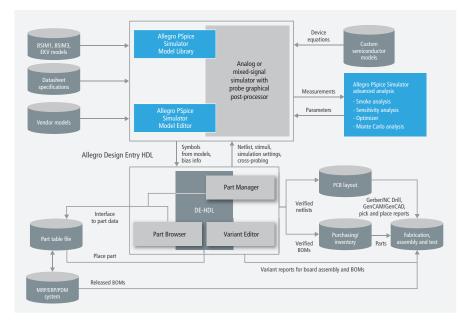


Figure 1: Allegro PSpice Simulator

and 64 strengths, load-dependent delays, and hazard/race checking. Allegro PSpice Simulator also features propagation modeling for digital gates and constraint checking (such as setup and hold timing).

Analog analysis

Explore circuit behavior using DC, AC, noise, transient, parameter sweeps, Monte Carlo, and DC sensitivity analyses. Allegro PSpice Simulator includes interactive simulation controllers and two simulation solvers.

Graphical results and data display

Probe Windows allows users to choose from an expanded set of mathematical functions to apply to simulation output variables. Designers can create plot window templates and use them to easily make complex measurements by simply placing markers directly on the desired pins, nets, and parts in the schematic, as well as be able to view a continuous marching waveform as simulation progresses.

The tools also enable users to measure performance characteristics of a circuit using built-in measurement functions and creation of custom measurements. For data display, additional capabilities allow plotting of both real and complex functions of circuit voltage, current, and power consumption, including Bodé plots

for gain and phase margin and derivatives for small-signal characteristics. (See Figure 2.) Annotate simulation result using floating labels on the circuit voltage, current, and power dissipation at time 0 for a circuit at each node in the schematic.

Models

Included are a large variety of accurate internal models—which typically include temperature effects—that add flexibility to simulations. Models are available with R, L, C, and bipolar transistors plus:

- Modeling apps create a model with user-input parameters (such as from a datasheet) and place a schematic component automatically associated with the newly created model without having to leave the OrCAD Capture canvas.
- Built-in IGBTs
- Seven MOSFET models, including industry-standard BSIM3v3.2 and the new EKV 2.6 model
- Five GaAsFET models, including Parker-Skellern and TriQuint TOM-2, TOM-3 models
- Nonlinear magnetic models complete with saturation and hysteresis

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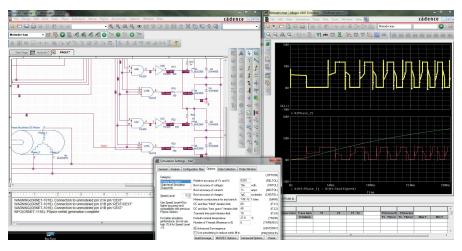


Figure 2: Allegro PSpice Simulator provides a complete simulation environment including simulation waveform analysis with cross-probing and bias results displayed on the schematic

- Transmission line models that incorporate delay, reflection, loss, dispersion, and crosstalk
- Digital primitives, including bi-directional transfer gates with analog I/O models
- Battery models allow accurate simulation of the discharge cycle and operating conditions
- Comprehensive model set for various electromechanical and mechanical devices like BLDC, flywheel, resolver, tacho, etc.
- Built-in library component for commonly used mathematical functions
- Models for Tiny Switch-III family devices and new Optocoupler devices

The Device Model Interface capability in PSpice offers enables simulation of system designs using different kinds of abstractions. With the GUI, users can define C/C++, System C, and Verilog A components and simulate them in the simulator.

Model library

Users can select from more than 33,000 analog and mixed-signal models of devices made in North America, Japan, and Europe. Also included are more than 4,500 parameterized models for BJTs, JFETs, MOSFETs, IGBTs, SCRs, magnetic cores and toroids, power diodes and bridges, operational amplifiers, optocouplers, regulators, PWM controllers, multipliers, timers, and sample-and-holds.

Model editing

It's easy to extract a model of a supported device type—simply enter the required data from the device's datasheet. Once you have extracted, the PSpice Model Editor automatically creates a part of the model, making it available for immediate use in the design.

Behavioral modeling

Functional blocks are described using mathematical expressions and functions, which allow designers to leverage a full set of mathematical operators, nonlinear functions, and filters. Circuit behavior can be defined in the time or frequency domain, by formula (including Laplace transforms), or by look-up tables. Error and warning messages can be specified in different conditions. Users can easily select parameters, which have been passed to subcircuits in a hierarchy, and insert them into transfer functions.

New behavioral capabilities include mathematical functions like in(x), exp(x), and sqrt(x).

Magnetic parts editing

The Magnetic Parts Editor helps designers overcome issues involved in manually designing transformers. Users can design magnetic transformers and DC inductors, and generate simulation models for transformers and inductors that can then be used in Allegro PSpice Simulator circuits. The Magnetic Parts Editor also allows designers to generate data required for manufacturing the transformers or inductors. The manufacturer's report that is generated by the PSpice Magnetic Designer after the completion of the design process contains the complete data required by a vendor to develop the transformer for commercial use. The modeling design capabilities help you generate accurate PSpice models, including winding resistances and various parasitics.

Encryption

The encryption feature allows models to be encrypted using 56-bit DES algorithm.

SLPS

Cadence simulation technology and the MathWorks' MATLAB Simulink package integrate two industry-leading simulation tools into a powerful co-simulation environment (SLPS). However, in order to run PSpice SLPS one must have a PSpice SLPS license along with a PSpice or Allegro PSpice Simulator license. Simulink is a platform for multi-domain simulation and model-based design of dynamic systems. The SLPS integration allows designers to perform system-level

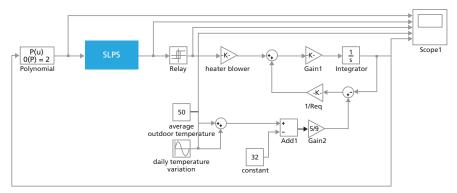


Figure 3: SLPS integration allows designers to interface the Allegro PSpice Simulator with Simulink and then observe the waveforms after Simulink-Allegro PSpice Simulator co-simulation

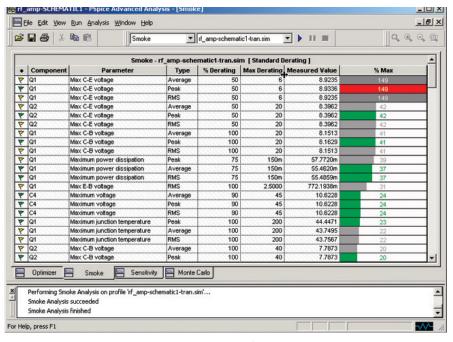


Figure 4: Smoke compares simulated values with manufacturers' limits to highlight devices operating outside safe operating rages.

simulations that include realistic electrical models of actual components. Design and integration problems can be discovered much earlier in the design process, reducing the number of prototypes needed to execute the design. SLPS integration also lets designers of electromechanical systems—such as control blocks, sensors, and power converters—perform integrated system and circuit simulation.

(See Figure 3.)

Checkpoint restart

The checkpoint restart feature allows the designer to store simulation states at various time-points and then restart simulations from any of the simulation states, which saves time. The designer can modify simulation settings and design parameters before starting a simulation from a pre-recorded time-state.

Auto-convergence option

This option makes the simulator automatically change tolerances limits of convergence to make the design converge. Designers can use this option to achieve convergence and then

fine-tune simulations by further modifying simulator options. This option is recommended for power electronic designs.

Advanced analysis capabilities

Using advanced analysis capabilities, designers can automatically maximize the performance of circuits. Four important capabilities—sensitivity analysis, optimization, Smoke (stress analysis), and Monte Carlo (yield analysis)—enable engineers to create virtual prototypes of designs and maximize circuit performance automatically. Measurements across multiple simulation profiles can be processed together.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity option identifies which component parameters are critical to the goals of a circuit's performance by examining how each component affects circuit behavior by itself and in comparison to the other components. It allows designers to identify sensitive components and export them to the optimizer to fine-tune circuit behavior.

Optimizer

The optimizer analyzes analog circuits and systems, fine-tuning designs faster than trial-and-error bench testing. It helps find the best component values to meet performance goals and constraints. Designers can use the optimizer to improve design performance, update designs to meet new specifications, optimize behavioral models for top-down design and model generation, and tune a circuit to match known results in the form of measurements or curves. The optimizer includes three engines: modified least squares quadratic (LSQ), random, and discrete.

Smoke

The Smoke option warns of stressed components due to power dissipation, increases in junction temperature, secondary breakdowns, or violations of voltage/current limits. Over time, these components can cause circuit failure. Designers can use Smoke to compare circuit simulation results to a component's safe operating limits. If limits are exceeded, Smoke identifies the problem parameters. It can also be used for creating, modifying, and configuring derate files for use with Smoke analysis. (See Figure 4.)

Monte Carlo

Monte Carlo predicts the behavior of a circuit statistically when part values are varied within their tolerance range. Monte Carlo also calculates yield, which can be used for mass manufacturing predictions. Use Monte Carlo for calculating yield based on your specifications calculating statistical data, displaying results in a probability density histogram, and displaying results in a cumulative distribution graph.

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Parametric plotter

Once a circuit is created and simulated, the parametric plotter is used for sweeping multiple parameters. Any number of design and model parameters (in any combination) can be swept and results viewed in tabular or plot form. Designers can use the parametric plotter for allowing device/model parameters to be swept, displaying sweep results in spreadsheet format, allotting measurement results in probe UI, and evaluating post-analysis measurement.

System Requirements

- Intel Core 2 Duo 2.66GHz or AMD Athlon 64 X2 5200+ (Note: Faster processors are preferred)
- 8GB RAM
- 500GB free disk space
- 1280 x 1024 display resolution with true color (at least 32-bit color)
- Dedicated graphics card
- Single or dual monitors (for physical design)
- Broadband internet connection for some services

Cadence Services and Support

- Cadence application engineers can answer your technical questions by telephone, email, or Internet—they can also provide technical assistance and custom training
- Cadence certified instructors teach more than 70 courses and bring their real-world experience into the classroom
- More than 25 Internet Learning Series (iLS) online courses allow you the flexibility of training at your own computer via the Internet
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